Knowledge, Curriculum	1	
Include case studies,	Include real or	Include specific
projects, examples	simulated instances	reference to
from a range of	of cross-cultural	intercultural issues in
different cultures	negotiation and	professional practice
	communication	
	Include specific	Address issues such
	reference to	as social justice,
	contemporary	equity, human rights
	international and	and related social and
	local content	economic issues
Address critical global	Include topics on	
environmental issues	ethical issues in	
	globalization	
Include an	Use a recently	Use and analyse
exploration of how	published,	international case
knowledge may be	international	studies and
constructed	textbook or journal	international sources
differently from	articles	such as journals and
culture to culture in		conference
the discipline area		proceedings
Encourages students	Encourages students	Include investigation
to reflect critically on	to reflect critically on	of professional
what they are	what they are	practices in other
learning in relation to	learning in relation to	cultures
their own cultural	their own cultural and	
identity and its social	geographical context	
construction		

Learning and Teaching Activities		
Encourage students to	Utilise international	Include presentations or
use examples from their	contacts and networks in	input from guest
own experiences	the	lecturers with
	discipline/professional	international experience
	area	who address specific
		topics in the course
Focus on international	Require the establishment of working relationships	
issues, international case	with fellow students from diverse backgrounds and	
studies or examples	cultures – eg. tasks requiring analysis of media	
	reports from international newspapers, interviews	
	with international students and/or professionals	
	who have worked internationally	
Require students to	Utilise electronic links	Require students to
consider issues and	and networks, such as	locate, discuss, analyse
problems from a variety	email chat groups, with	and evaluate
of cultural perspectives	students of the discipline	information from a
	in other countries	range of international
		sources
Include problem-solving	Require fieldwork with	Include
exercises and/or	local organisations	internships/placements
research assignments	working on international	in international or
with an international or	projects or national	intercultural agencies
intercultural component	projects with an	
	intercultural focus	
Involve reflective writing	Include simulations of	Explicitly outline the
activities/tasks focusing	international or	thinking processes used
on international or	intercultural interactions	in the discipline and
intercultural matters		discuss and analyse any
		cultural aspects of these
Require students to	Include examples of the	Compare and contrast
analyse the cultural	various value positions	approaches to cultural
construction of	in multicultural Denmark	pluralism in different
knowledge and cross	and their implications	nations and their
cultural-practices	for the field or	implications for citizens
	profession	and for professional
		practice in the discipline

Examine ways in which particular cultural interpretations of social, scientific or technological applications of knowledge may include or exclude, advantage or disadvantage people from different cultural groups	Include analysis of the cultural foundations of alternative approaches to the profession/discipline	Require analysis of the issues, methodologies and possible solutions associated with current areas of debate within the discipline from a range of cultural perspectives
Explore cultural and regional differences in values and assumptions affecting the discipline and how these might impact on the actions of individuals	Include consideration of cultural assumptions in any analysis of possible responses to ethical and social issues related to the discipline/professional area	Explore comparative professional practices and their relationship to cultural values
Authentic tasks (Leask, 2009) students bring their own cultural knowledge, perspective, lens to the task. As well as sharing own cultural perspective they work together to identify similarities and differences between their perspectives and provide rationales for decisions they make. e.g. In Anders's video, he talks about his Polish counterparts being very precise and how this is a valuable approach and helps ensure quality	Include references to research from different continents, hemispheres, languages. Students' bibliographies show they have included research and knowledge from other cultures. This approach would be modelled by the teacher including references to studies from other cultures' knowledge and research.	Students develop prototypes/projects for particular cultural settings. For example, they could have to design a 'bicycle for transporting fragile products' for a South East Asian country. As part of the design they would have to show they have considered social norms, climate, terrain, cycling community Opportunity for comparative designs – each group would be given the same design task but for different cultural contexts, they would identify how they compare and what can they learn from each other through knowledge exchange?